

Sustainable Public Transport in the Amsterdam Region

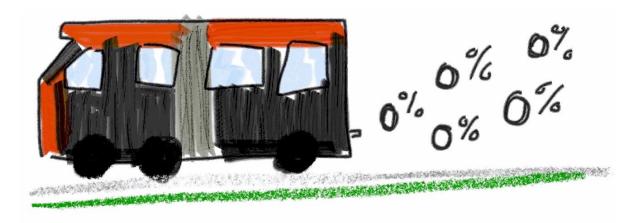


Gerard Hellburg - Programme Manager Zero Emission Mobility



Outline

- Public Transport Authority Amsterdam
- Ambition & goals sustainability in the Amsterdam Region
- Financial insights
- Lessons Learned

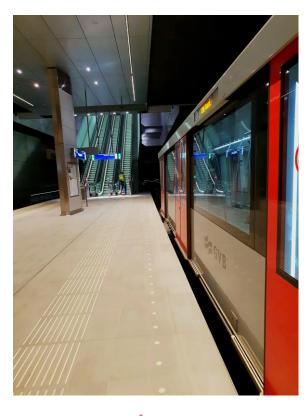




PTA of Amsterdam































The Public Transport Authority Amsterdam



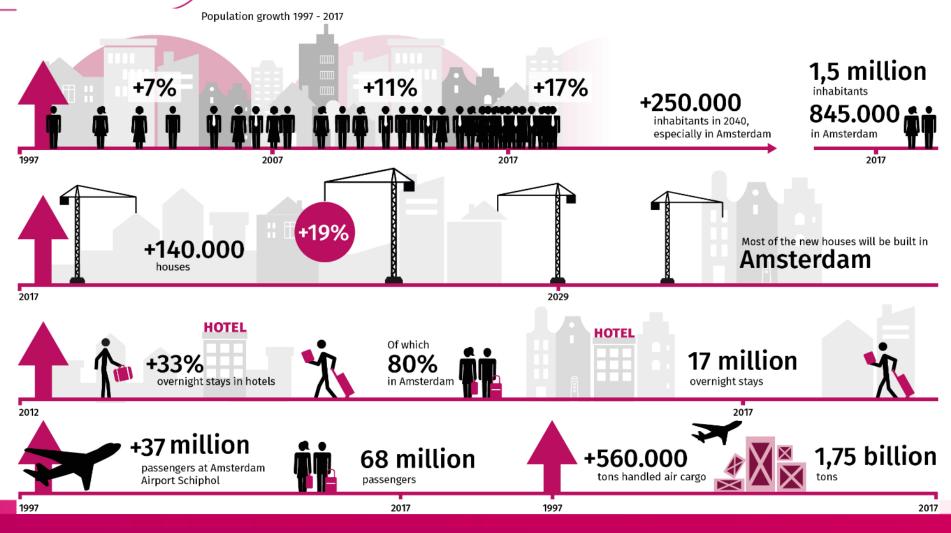




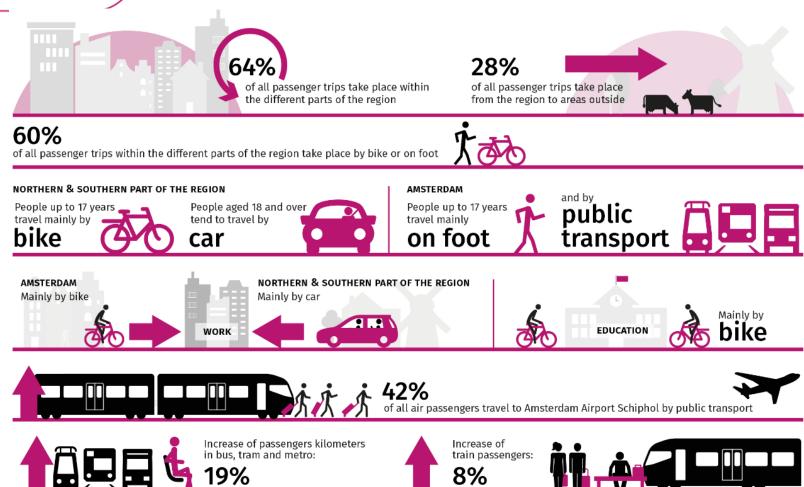














Sustainability Ambition & Goals in the Amsterdam Region





Existing policies

Global

The Paris Agreement, 2015



 Keep the increase in global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels

National



Administrative Agreement on Zero Emission Bus, 2016 Climate Act, 2018

- In 2030: all regional public transport zero emission
- In 2050: 95% reduction of CO₂ emissions compared to 1990

Regional



Policy Framework Mobility **Amsterdam Transport Authority**

• In 2050: a CO2 neutral mobility system

Municipal



Example: Zero Emission **Public Transport Amsterdam**

• In 2025: public transport zero emission in Amsterdam



CO,-NEUTRAAL MOBILITEITSSYSTEEM













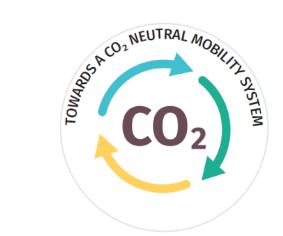




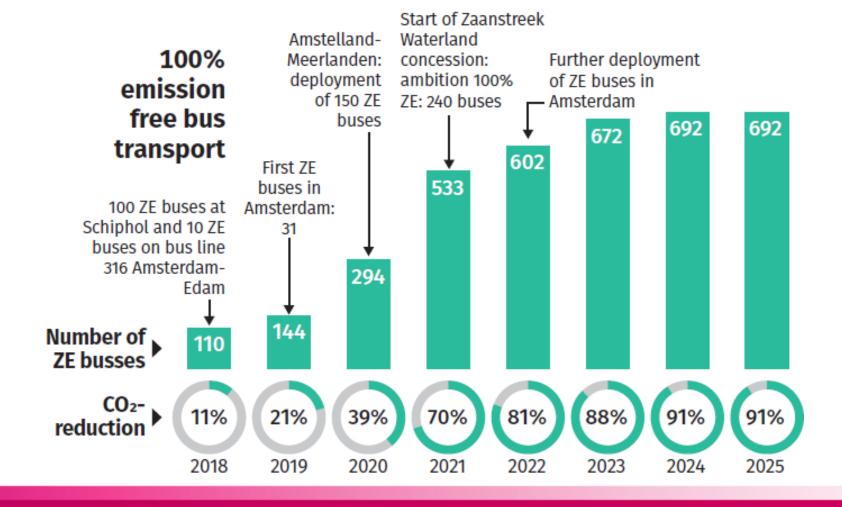


Ambition

The Transport Authority Amsterdam (Vervoerregio) aims for cleaner and quieter public transport for its residents and travellers. With the transition to zero emission public transportation we contribute to the global climate goals. That is why from 2025 all new buses in the Amsterdam Metropolitan Region will be emission free. In 2030 this applies to all buses. Additionally, in 2030 all buses will be charged with electricity derived from 100% renewable energy sources.











Preferred technology

For the coming years the Vervoerregio foresees that OC, IMC and plug-in are the most promising techniques. Together with our partners we will investigate per sub-network whether OC, IMC or plug-in is technically, financially and spatially the most feasible option, before making a definitive choice.



<80.000 km/year



80.000 <> 130.000 km/year



>130.000 km/year



Power grid and the public space

Plug-in, OC and IMC have significant consequences for the power grid. A bus depot with 100 plug-in buses approximately consumes 15 megawatt hours in one night. On a yearly basis, this is comparable to the annual consumption of almost 3000 single-person households. Additionally, public space is required for the (fast) charging infrastructure of OC buses and for overhead lines for IMC buses.



Partners

- PTA
- Power grid company
- Municipalities & Provinces
- Public Transport Operators
- Other mobility suppliers





Smart Grids

Charging location



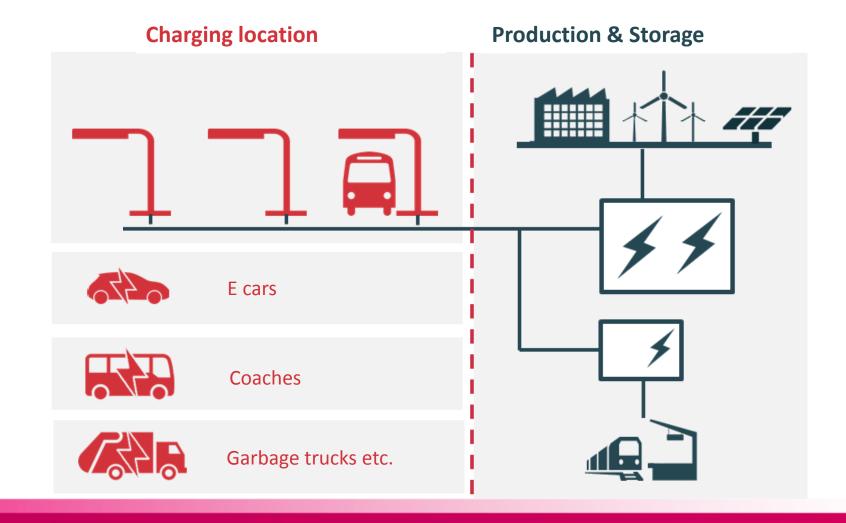


Smart Grids

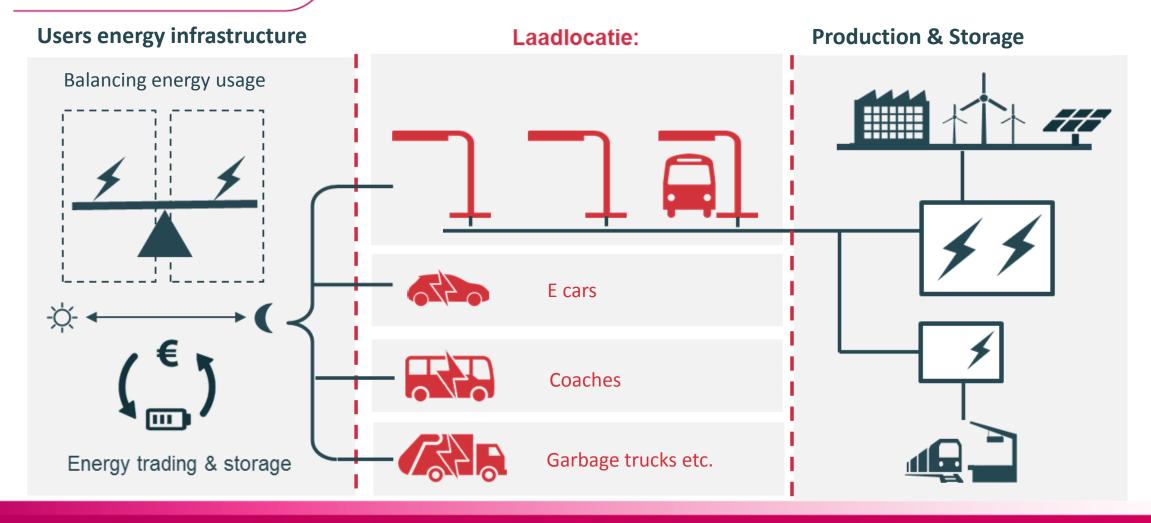
Charging location













Financial insight







Financial Insight – TCO & SCBA

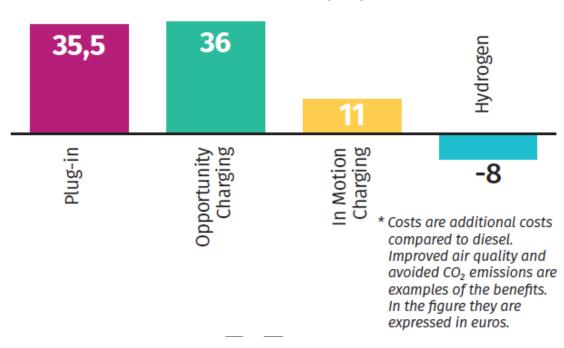
Zero Emission is more expensive than diesel...

Additional costs* of ZE technology in millions of euros per year



...yet it is socially viable

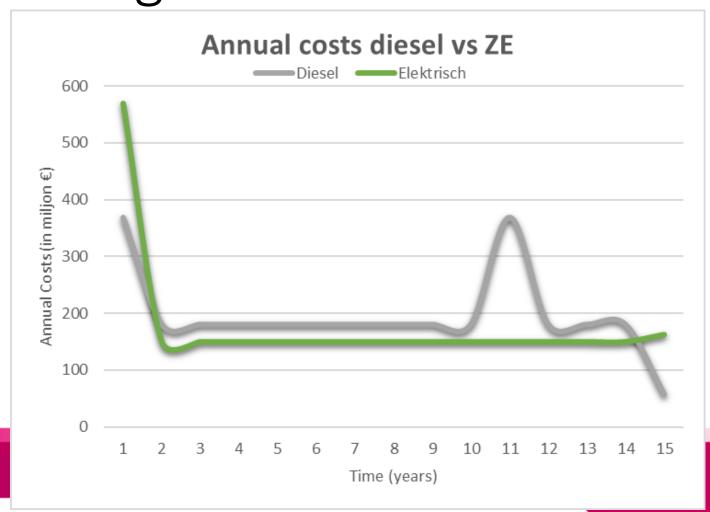
Societal benefits* in millions of euros per year



-51



Financial Insight – TCO & SCBA





Lessons Learned











Manageable and affordable transition within 10 years

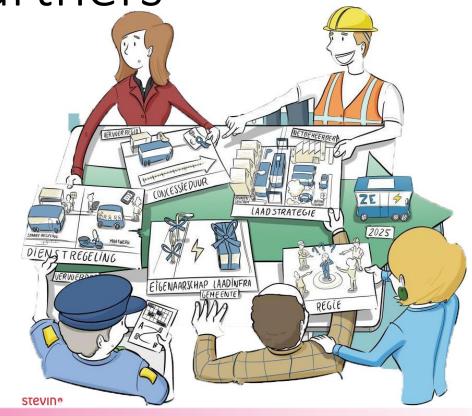
Conditions:

- Phase transition to learn and adapt
- Operator must be able / allowed to design a route network of zero-emission buses
- Appoint possible charging locations, beware of spatial- & permit challenges
- Need for extra attention on power grid, availability & capacity
- Accept depreciation in 15-years for vehicles and charging equipment



Know your Transition partners

- Commitment of all stakeholders
- Agreement on responsibility
- Flexibility to be able to learn
- Transparency on costs





Questions?

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